



FINAL REPORT

**Assessment of
Geology, Energy, and Minerals (GEM)
Resources**

**SOUTH FORK LITTLE HUMBOLDT
GEM RESOURCE AREA**

(NV--010--01)

ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA

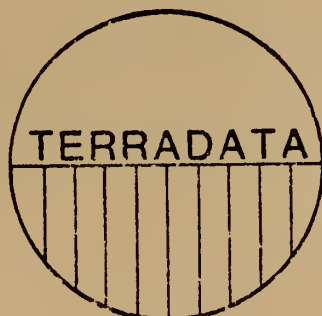
Prepared for

United States Department of the Interior
United States Bureau of Land Management
Scientific Systems Development Branch

March 1983

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Geology, Energy, and Minerals (GEM)
Resources**

**South Fork Little Humboldt GRA
(NV - 010 - 01)
Elko County, Nevada**

Prepared For:

**United States Department of the Interior
United States Bureau of Land Management
Scientific Systems Development Branch**

By

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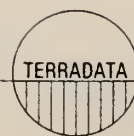
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**This report was prepared as part of a Phase I Assessment of GEM
Resources within designated Wilderness Study Areas in Oregon, Idaho and
Nevada.**

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All members of the panel of experts provided valuable input into these assessments of GEM resources for each of the GEM Resource Areas (GRAs). Their professional approach to the problems and their interpretations of available literature and data form the foundation upon which the assessments for this project are based. We are grateful for their efforts and skills in this project. The panelists and their area of expertise are:

- o Dr. Antonius Budding - Oil Shale and Tar Sands
- o Mr. Raymond Corcoran - Field Verification
- o Dr. James Firby - Paleontology
- o Mr. Ralph Mason - Coal
- o Mr. Richard Miller - Uranium and Thorium
- o Mr. Vernon Newton - Oil and Gas
- o Mr. Herbert Schlicker - Industrial Minerals and Geologic Hazards
- o Dr. Walter Youngquist - Geothermal
- o Dr. Paul Weis - Metals and Non - Metals.

Mr. Edwin Montgomery provided valuable insight and assistance in structuring the project and these reports in order to best serve the purposes of the Bureau of Land Management. We greatly appreciate his assistance.

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Ms. Pamela Ruhl provided clerical and editorial assistance throughout the project. Ms. Sara Mathews assisted with occurrence information and drafting. Mr. Philip R. Jones and Mr. Michael A. Becker produced all documents relating to the project using TERRADATA's word processing and document production systems.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of this project is to evaluate and classify environments favorable for the occurrence of geology, energy, and minerals (GEM) resources in selected wilderness study areas (WSAs) in southeastern Oregon, southwestern Idaho, and northern Nevada. (See the **TERRADATA report entitled "Procedures for the Assessment of Geology, Energy, and Minerals (GEM) Resources."**) GEM resource environments have been rated on a scale that ranges from one to four, with one being least favorable and four being most favorable. Favorability classes two and three represent low and moderate favorability, respectively. Confidence levels range from A to D with A being low confidence and D being high confidence. The confidence levels are directly related to the quantity and quality of the information available for the determination of the favorability classes.

The specific area with which this report deals is the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA (GRA number NV-010-01) which is located in northeastern Nevada (see attached location map). The GRA contains about 270 square miles within Townships 39N and 41N and Ranges 45E and 47E. It contains one WSA; WSA 010-132 which comprises 41,213 acres. The study area is in the Elko Resource Area of the Elko BLM District. It is about forty miles northeast of Winnemucca, Nevada.

The GRA is within the Great Basin sub-province of the Basin and Range physiographic province. It contains rocks that range from Paleozoic eugeoclinal and miogeoclinal sediments to Tertiary and Quaternary sedimentary and volcanic strata. Major structural elements in the area are the Antler Orogenic Belt, the Lynn-Railroad mineral belt and Basin and Range fault blocks.

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA contains one principal geologic environment that is moderately favorable for GEM resources. This environment occurs in three areas, labeled 1-3C, 2-3C and 3-4D on the attached Land Classification Map. This environment is favorable for the occurrence of gold and silver deposits. Two of the favorable areas are classified 3C, signifying that the geologic environment, the inferred geologic processes and the reported mineral occurrences indicate moderate favorability for the accumulation of gold and silver and that the available data provide direct evidence but are quantitatively minimal to support the possible existence of mineral resources. The third favorable area contains a known mining district and is highly favorable (4D).



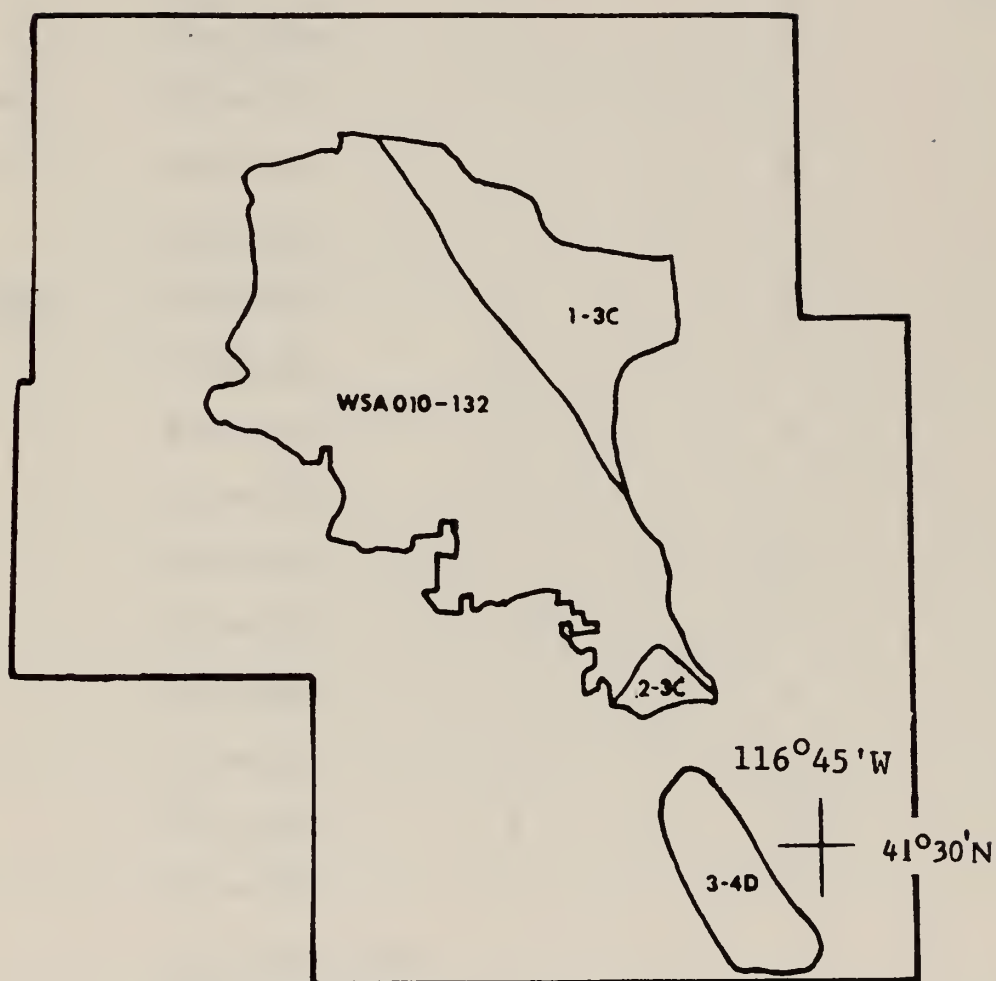
GRA Location Map



The classification of areas 1-3C and 2-3C is based on two important criteria. First, favorable areas contain a geologic environment similar to that in the Midas Mining District, which is located in area 3-D in the southern part of the GRA. In the Midas District this environment produced gold and silver from several mines in the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. Deposits in the Midas District consist of veins and silicified replacement bodies along the contact between a rhyolitic unit and a ferromagnesian-rich extrusive unit. Alteration types include intense silicification and hematization. Similar general geologic characteristics occur in the areas 1-3C and 2-3C within WSA 010-132, although the type and extent of alteration are not known. The remainder of the GRA does not exhibit the necessary favorable geologic characteristics. The entire GRA is favorable to only slightly favorable for all other GEM resources as shown below.

TERRADATA recommends that no further surface geologic investigation be undertaken in areas 1-3C and 2-3C. However, detailed geochemical sampling along the contact between the potential host units could produce results that might upgrade the land classification of this area. Selective drilling of geochemical anomalies would contribute to the refinement of the confidence level and favorability rating in this GRA.

Land Classification Map
South Fork Little Humboldt GRA
(NV-010-01)
Elko County, Nevada



This map is an overlay for Figures 2-1 and 2-2. Subareas are discussed in the text.

Scale 1:250,000
(McDermitt 1°x2° NTMS Quadrangle)



**Classification Of Lands Within The
South Fork Little Humboldt GRA
(NV - 010 - 01)
Elko County, Nevada
For G - E - M Resource Potential**

<u>COMMODITY</u>	<u>AREA</u>	<u>CLASSIFICATION LEVEL</u>	<u>CONFIDENCE LEVEL</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Metals	1-3C, 2-3C	3	C	Au, Ag Au, Ag
	3-4D	4	D	
	Rest of GRA	1	B	
Geothermal	Entire GRA	1	B	
Uranium/Thorium	Entire GRA	1	A	
Coal	Entire GRA	2	B	
Oil and Gas	Entire GRA	1	A	
Tar Sands/Oil Shale	Entire GRA	1	C	
Limestone	Entire GRA	2	C	
Bentonite	Entire GRA	2	A	
Diatomite	Entire GRA	1	B	
Clinoptilolite	Entire GRA	1	A	
Barite	Entire GRA	1	A	
Turquoise	Entire GRA	2	A	
Perlite	Entire GRA	1	B	
Phosphate	Entire GRA	2	A	
Paleontology	Entire GRA	1	A	
Hazards	See Hazards Map (GRA FILE)			
ESLs	None	1	C	

LEGEND:

Class 1 - Least Favorable
Class 2 - Low Favorability
Class 3 - Moderate Favorability
Class 4 - High Favorability

Confidence Level A - Insufficient data or no direct evidence
Confidence Level B - Indirect evidence available
Confidence Level C - Direct evidence but quantitatively minimal
Confidence Level D - Abundant direct and indirect evidence

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1. INTRODUCTION

This report is one of 27 GRA technical reports that summarize the results of a Phase 1 assessment of the geology, energy, and minerals (GEM) resources in selected portions of southeastern Oregon, southwestern Idaho, and northern Nevada. The study region was subdivided into 27 GEM resource areas (GRAs), principally for ease of data management and interpretation. The assessment of GEM resources for this project consisted of an interpretation of existing literature and information by experts knowledgeable in both the geographic area and specific commodities. It is possible that the assessment would be different if detailed field exploration, geochemical sampling, and exploratory drilling programs were undertaken. (See the TERRADATA report entitled "Procedures for the Assessment of Geology, Energy, and Minerals (GEM) Resources.")

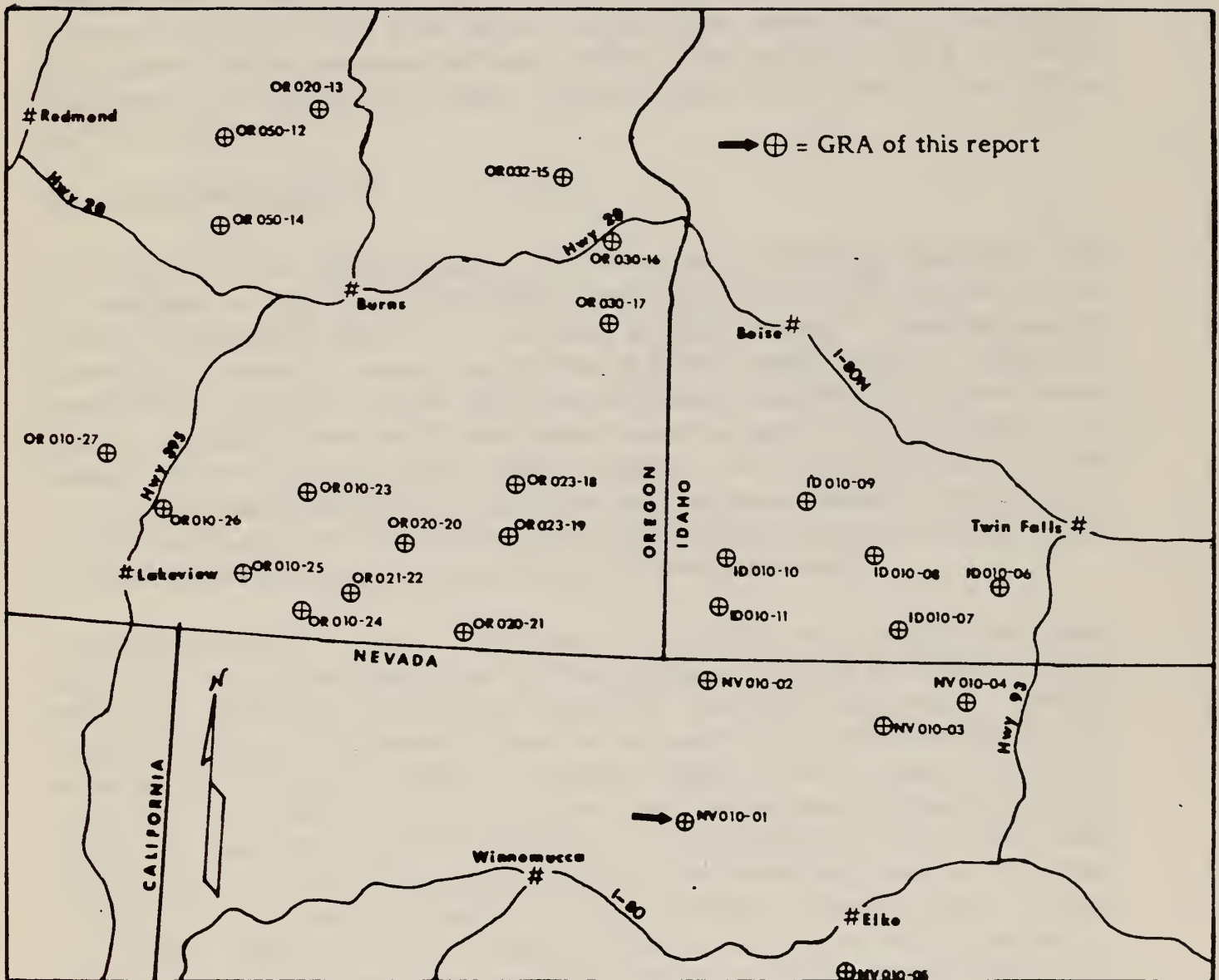
This report summarizes the assessment of the GEM resources potential of the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA (NV-010-01). See Figure 1-1. Commodity categories for which this GRA was evaluated are:

- o Metals
- o Oil and Gas
- o Oil Shale and Tar Sands
- o Geothermal
- o Uranium and Thorium
- o Coal
- o Industrial Minerals
- o Paleontological Resources
- o Geologic Hazards
- o Educational and Scientific Localities (ESLs)

Geologic environments within the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA have been rated with respect to their favorability for the occurrence of these different commodities. The favorability rating scale ranges from one to four, with one being least favorable and four being most favorable. Confidence levels in these ratings also have been assigned. These confidence levels range from A to D, with A being low confidence and D high confidence.

Assigned confidence levels are related to the quantity and quality of the information available for the determination of the favorability ratings.

FIGURE 1-1
GRA Location Map



2. DESCRIPTION OF THE SOUTH FORK LITTLE HUMBOLDT GRA

2.1 LOCATION

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA (NV-010-01) is in north-central Nevada. It lies between latitudes $41^{\circ}10'N$ and $41^{\circ}30'N$ and longitudes $116^{\circ}42'W$ and $117^{\circ}10'W$. The GRA contains approximately 270 square miles within townships 39N and 41N and ranges 45E and 47E (see Figures 1-1 and 2-1). The area contains one Wilderness Study Area; WSA 010-132 (41,213 acres). The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA is in the Elko Resource Area of the Elko BLM District. The area is about 40 miles east-northeast of Winnemucca, Nevada, which is the nearest transportation center offering a minimum of rail, highway, and/or charter-air services. Access to the contained WSA is via county maintained dirt or packed-gravel roads. Vehicular access to the interior of the WSA is poor to non-existent.

2.2 GENERAL GEOLOGY

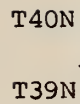
The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA is in the McDermitt $1^{\circ} \times 2^{\circ}$ NTMS Quadrangle. The data available for this area includes NURE investigations^{(1, 2, 3, 4)*}, general mineral resource information⁽⁵⁾, and limited small scale geologic mapping⁽²⁾. Detailed geologic information is lacking in most areas outside of known mining districts. Occurrence information for this GRA includes data from the United States Bureau of Mines Mineral Inventory Location System (MILS), the United States Geological Survey's Computerized Resource Information Base (CRIB), claims, and leases. The overall quantity and quality of commodity specific information is good for gold and silver, because of the proximity of the Midas Mining District to the GRA. The available information is poor to fair for all other commodities; most are not known to occur in or near the area.

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA is within the northern section of the Great Basin portion of the Basin and Range physiographic province. The Basin and Range Province consists of generally north-trending fault-block mountains separated by parallel intermontane basins. The mountain blocks are commonly ten to twelve miles wide and are separated by alluviated valleys of comparable width. Elevation ranges from below sea level at Death Valley to more than 13,000 feet at White Mountains Boundary Peaks. Local relief generally is less than 5,000 feet. The physiography of the Great Basin reflects the structural and lithologic complexity of the underlying bedrock. The Great Basin portion of the Basin and Range Province extends from southern Nevada northward into southern Oregon. The northern-most extremity is located just north of the town of Burns, Oregon. Rocks in the area range from Paleozoic eugeoclinal-miogeoclinal suites to Tertiary volcanogenic and lacustrine strata.

* In this report, citations are superscripted numbers. They refer to bibliographic entries listed in Appendix A, References Cited.



Topographic Map
South Fork Little Humboldt GRA
(NV-010-01)
Elko County, Nevada



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2.2.1

Geomorphology

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA is an upland area that is currently in an active degradational cycle. Deeply incised, intermittent streams occupy V-shaped valleys in the central and southwestern portions of the area (see Figure 2-1). The northeastern part of the GRA has a more gentle stream gradient and, consequently, has less dramatic relief. The most dominant landform in the GRA is a pronounced escarpment that extends along the southern edge. The GRA is characterized by horsts and grabens created by the normal faulting typical of the Basin and Range Province. The GRA encompasses a portion of an upthrown block between the Osgood and Tuscarora Mountain Ranges. The minimum net displacement of the block relative to the adjacent valley floor to the southwest is about 3,500 feet. The block is tilted; the strata dip gently north-northeast.

The area contains three drainage basins that are separated by subparallel divides that extend diagonally from northwest to southeast across the area. The area is effectively bisected by the South Fork Little Humboldt River which drains the GRA to the north-northwest. Local relief along the course of the South Fork is about 200-400 feet. The South Fork has an overall gradient of about 10 feet per mile. The southeastern and northeastern parts of the GRA are drained by Kelly Creek and Milligan Creek, respectively. First and second order streams in the area exhibit a trellis drainage pattern. Drainage is controlled, at least in part, by faulting (see Figures 2-2 and 2-3).

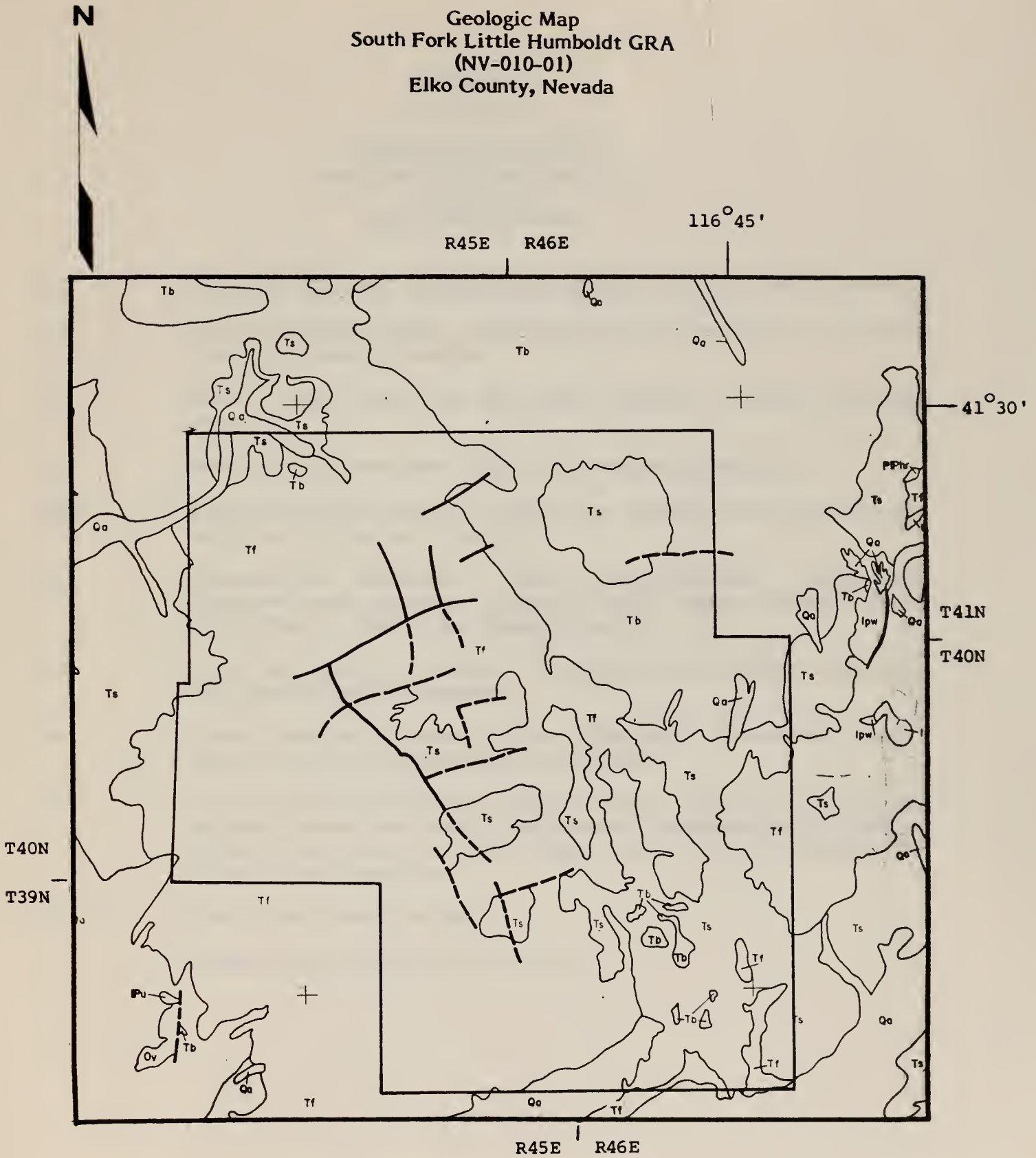
The area is an active degradational geomorphic regime. The high percentage of slope in the area implies that it is in a mature stage of landform development. The southwestern part of the area is nearly 95 percent in slope. Erosion has removed tremendous volumes of material from the southwestern area. Much of this detritus was deposited in alluvial fans along the margins of the adjacent intermontane basin. Headward erosion of streams along the major escarpment in the southern part of the area is less pronounced because of the limited size of available drainage basins and/or more recent vertical movement along the bounding fault.

Total relief in the area is over 3,200 feet. The highest point (8,400 feet) and the lowest point (5,200 feet) are in the southwest corner of the GRA, near the town of Midas. This is also the area of greatest local relief (3,216 feet).



FIGURE 2-2

Geologic Map
South Fork Little Humboldt GRA
(NV-010-01)
Elko County, Nevada



Scale: 1:250,000
(McDermitt 1°x2° NTMS Quadrangle)



FIGURE 2-2
(Continued)

**Geologic Map Legend For
South Fork Little Humboldt GRA
(NV-010-01)
Elko County, Nevada**



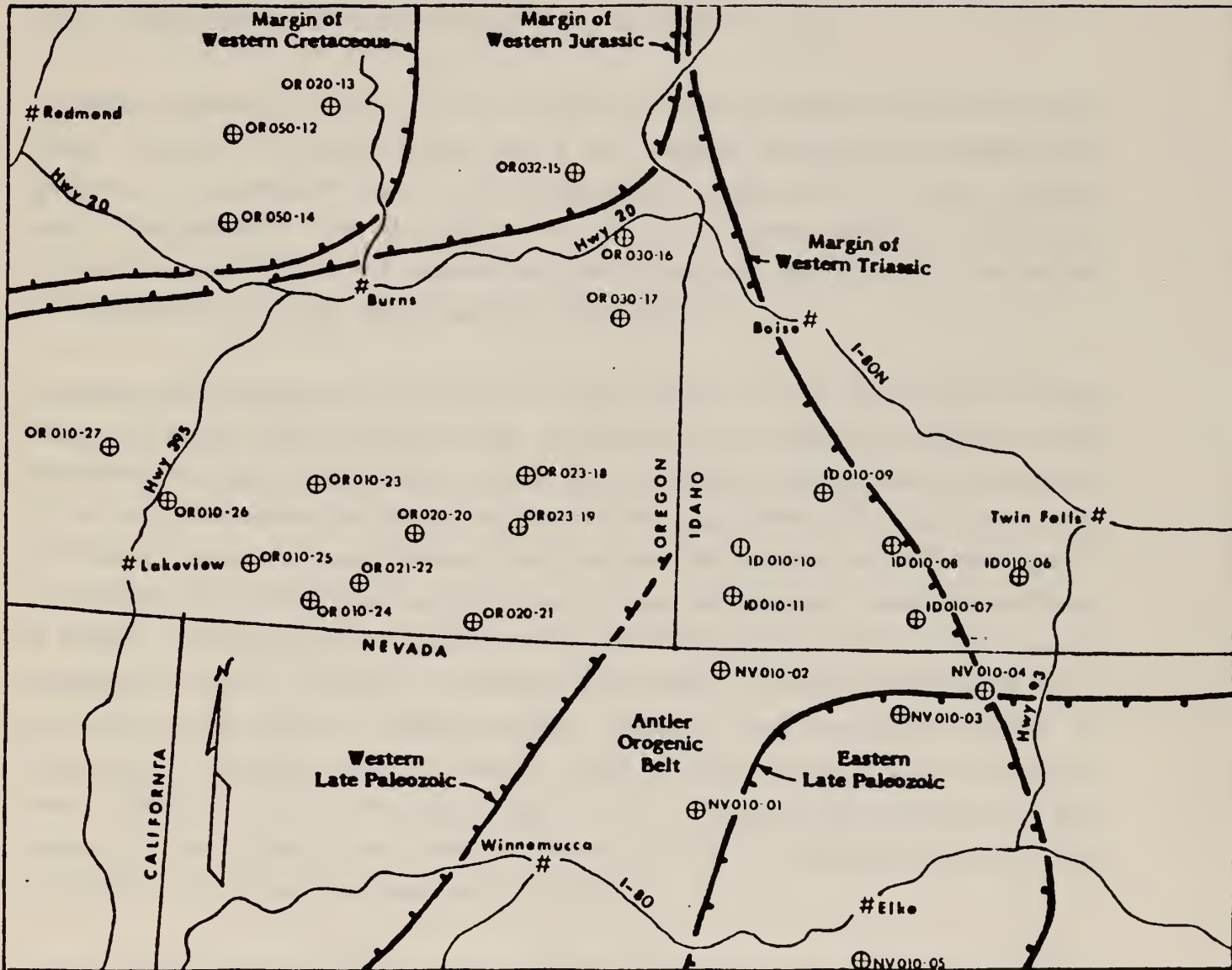
- Qa** - Alluvium: Silt, sand, and gravel along streams, including terrace deposits.
- Ts** - Tertiary Sediment Rocks: Dominantly tuff and welded tuff. Includes minor clastics and carbonates.
- Tf** - Felsic Volcanic Extrusives: Dominantly rhyolites to dacites; flows and domes.
- Tb** - Mafic Volcanic Extrusives: Dominantly andesites to basalts.
- PΦhr** - Havallah and Reservation Hill Formations: Metagraywacke and dolomite, sandstone, siltstone, and limestone.
- Pu** - Pennsylvanian Sedimentary Rocks, Undifferentiated: Dominantly limestones, minor clastics, and andesitic tuff. Includes Mitchell Creek, Quilici, Moleen, Tomera, and Hogan Formations.
- Ov** - Valmy and Vinini Formations: Siltstone, shale, greenstone, quartzite, chert, and bioclastic limestones.
- Lpw** - Lower Paleozoic Western Facies: Dominantly fine-grained clastic sediments with some limestones and dolomites.
- Lpu** - Lower Paleozoic Carbonates Undifferentiated: Dolomite and limestone. Includes Simonson and Sevy, Lone Mountain, Laketown, and Ely Springs Dolomites, and Guimette, Devil's Gate, Nevada, Roberts' Mountain and Hanson Creek Formations.
-  - Fault (dashed where inferred).
-  - Geologic contact (dashed where inferred).



FIGURE 2-3
Paleogeographic Map⁽⁷⁾
Oregon-Idaho-Nevada
Tri-State Area



2.2.2 Lithology and Stratigraphy

Rocks within or near the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA range in age from Early Paleozoic dolomites and limestones to Late Miocene or younger lacustrine, fluvial, and volcanoclastic strata. Whereas Paleozoic sequences may have an aggregate thickness up to 28,000 feet in northeastern Nevada, Mesozoic strata are only a few thousand feet thick. Cenozoic valley fill sediments may be up to 10,000 feet thick.

The oldest exposed rock units within the GRA are Tertiary andesites and basalts, even though Ordovician through Permian strata are exposed immediately northeast and southwest of the area (see Figure 2-2) and undoubtedly occur under the Tertiary volcanic cover. The depth to Paleozoic rocks in the GRA is unknown. Depth is difficult to estimate because of structural complexities that include local thrust faults as well as the overriding Basin and Range normal faulting structural style.

Paleozoic units southwest of the GRA, in Humboldt County, and to the northeast, in Elko County, Nevada, include dolomites and limestones of the Ordovician Hanson Creek Formation and eugeoclinal siltstones, shales, quartzites, cherts, and bioclastic limestones of the Valmy Formation (southwest) and Vinini Formation (northeast). Also present are the Roberts' Mountain, Lone Mountain, and Laketown Formations, all of Silurian age⁽⁵⁾. The Devonian Simonson, Sevy, Guinette, Devil's Gate, and Nevada Formations also may be present. Pennsylvanian strata southwest of the GRA include limestones and clastic sedimentary units of Tomera and Moleen Formations. Permo-Pennsylvanian units northeast of the area are metagraywackes, dolomites, and fine-grained clastics of Havallah and Reservation Hill Formations. None of these Paleozoic units is known to contain GEM resources in the vicinity of the GRA. Of particular importance is the absence of Late Paleozoic and Mesozoic strata. This has an important bearing on the assessment of the oil and gas potential of this GRA.

Tertiary units within the GRA may be subdivided into three broad categories, as shown on the geologic map (see Figure 2-2). Most dominant are felsic volcanic extrusives. These are dominantly calc-alkalic and metaluminous and range in composition from rhyolite to dacite. They consist of flows and domes and underlie an estimated 70 percent of the area.

Ferromagnesian-rich volcanic extrusives cover about 15 percent of the GRA. These comprise flows of aphanitic andesites and basalts. A minor amount of porphyritic andesitic basalt is present in the northern portion. The remainder of the area is immediately underlain by Tertiary sedimentary rocks, tuffs, welded tuffs, and slightly opaline lacustrine carbonates. The majority of the Tertiary sediments in the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA compose the Late Miocene or Pliocene lacustrine, fluvial, and volcanoclastic strata of the Humboldt Formation⁽⁸⁾. Valley fill comprises Quaternary alluvial and fanlomeratic sediments.

2.2.3 Structural Geology

The tri-state area of northeastern Nevada, southern Oregon, and southwestern Idaho is characterized by several major structural elements. The most obvious reflections of the structure are the ridges and valleys that resulted from Basin and Range faulting, a relatively young structural event.

During the Early Paleozoic this area was the site of marine sedimentation in the north-northeast trending Cordilleran geosyncline. Sedimentation persisted in three subparallel belts until the end of the Devonian Period. One sedimentation belt was located in the eastern half of Nevada and received nearshore to littoral deposits of shallow-water carbonates with a minor amount of interbedded shale and sandstone. The second sedimentation belt was in the western half of the state and was the locus of transitional, progressively deeper water deposits. The third belt, located further west, was the site of eugeoclinal deposits.

In Late Devonian time, the Antler Orogeny developed along a north-northeast trending swath through northwest Elko County, Nevada, and on into southwestern Idaho⁽⁹⁾. The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA lies approximately on the axis of the Antler orogenic belt. As a direct result of the Antler orogenic uplift, a Pennsylvanian clastic wedge developed along the margins of the uplift. The orogeny culminated in a period of extensive thrust faulting that includes the Roberts' Mountain thrust.

The Sonoma Orogeny occurred during the Permian in north-central Nevada⁽⁷⁾. This deformational episode included more thrust faulting in the vicinity of the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA.



A tremendous increase in volcanic activity occurred in the tri-state area during the Late Cenozoic. This is recorded in the large volume of Tertiary extrusives that blanket the area. Basin and Range block faulting has continued in parts of Nevada throughout historical time.

2.2.4 Paleontology

There are no reported fossiliferous strata within the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA. Paleozoic strata outside the GRA contain shelf facies and eugeoclinal radiolarian cherts and graptolite-bearing black shales. Elsewhere, the Tertiary Humboldt contains mammalian fauna. None is known to occur within this GRA, however.

2.2.5 Historical Geology

The present geologic character of the Great Basin resulted from the progressive development of the western portion of the North American continent throughout geologic time. Beginning in the Late Precambrian and continuing into the Middle Paleozoic, eastern Nevada, western Utah, and southwesternmost Idaho were characterized by a miogeoclinal environment in which shelf margin carbonates, shales, and sandstones were deposited. In contrast, western Nevada and southern Oregon were in a eugeoclinal environment in which dark shales, radiolarian cherts and basaltic materials (Steinman's Trinity) were formed.

The Middle Paleozoic (Late Devonian-Early Mississippian) Antler Orogeny deformed and thrust the eugeoclinal sediments over the shelf-type sediments to the east, resulting in a north-trending Antler Highlands in central Nevada. A vast amount of fine-grained detritus was shed eastward during the Mississippian, producing thick upper Paleozoic shales in eastern Nevada and western Utah. Erosion of the Antler Highlands resulted in the deposition of coarse sediments during the Early Pennsylvanian. Thousands of feet of sandstone and conglomerate were deposited in northern Nevada around the margins of the Antler Highlands. Late Pennsylvanian and Permian shallow water sediments overlapped and overstepped the eroded roots of the Antler Highlands. Sediments deposited over the Antler Highlands in the Permian were predominantly of the deep-water variety. The next significant tectonic episode (the Sonoma Orogeny) thrust the ocean floor siliceous and volcanic materials eastward over the shallow water, clastic sedimentary rocks that covered the ancient Antler Highlands.



Development of western North America in the Mesozoic was dominated by oceanic plate subduction along the continental margin that resulted in a complex history of concomittant sedimentation, deformation, and igneous activity. During this time, the well-defined overthrust belt that extends from Canada to Mexico was formed. This deformation occurred during the Sevier (Late Jurassic to Latest Cretaceous) and Laramide orogenies (Latest Cretaceous to Early Tertiary Eocene)⁽⁶⁾.

Widespread silicic volcanic rocks formed in the Great Basin in Early and Middle Cenozoic time (primarily 20-34 million years ago). During Late Cenozoic time volcanic activity of the Great Basin changed to a bimodal basalt-rhyolite assemblage that reflects the taphrogenic character of the region. It was also during this time that the tectonic character of the region changed from one of compression to one of extension and led to the development of the Basin and Range Structure.

2.3 ENVIRONMENTS FAVORABLE FOR G - E - M RESOURCES

Except for a gold-silver environment, all geologic environments within the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA are unfavorable to slightly favorable for the occurrence of GEM resources. The low favorability classifications for resources other than gold and silver are based on the fact that requisite geologic environments are not known to exist and/or geologic processes essential for the accumulation of mineral resources cannot be demonstrated in the area. These are summarized in Table 4-1.

2.3.1 Environments for Metal Resources

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA contains only one environment that is favorable for the occurrence of metals. This environment occurs in three areas, labeled 1-3C, 2-3C and 3-4D on the Land Classification Map (Figure 4-1), and has the potential for containing deposits of gold and silver⁽¹⁰⁾. The environment is in the contact zone between rhyolitic extrusives (geologic map unit Tf) and the ferromagnesian-rich extrusive rocks (geologic map unit Tb). The contact zone is the gold and silver producing environment of the Midas District, four miles south of the GRA. The general geologic setting of the two favorable areas is similar to that of the Midas District.

Gold and silver were produced from high-grade ores in the Midas District that occur as siliceous replacement bodies in the rhyolite near its contact with the ferromagnesian-rich extrusives. Silicification was intense in the ore zone; the richest ores are characteristically highly iron-stained. Although there is no direct evidence of intense silicification, iron-staining or other types of alteration along exposed portions of the contact zone between the two extrusive units in this GRA, the proximity to a known producing area, the fact that the GRA lies within the Lynn-Railroad mineral belt as recognized by Roberts⁽⁵⁾, and the geologic similarity to the Midas District provide sufficient evidence to infer the possible occurrence of environments favorable for gold and silver.

2.3.2 Environments for Oil and Gas Resources

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA contains no environments that are favorable for the occurrence of potential oil and gas resources. This conclusion is based on the inferred absence of Late Paleozoic through Late Mesozoic strata (see Section 2.2.2). The area was above sea-level from Late Paleozoic to Late Mesozoic, hence the appropriate geologic environment did not exist. Although the area is within the limits of Miocene Humboldt Lake deposits and is partially leased, there are no indications of favorability⁽⁷⁾.

2.3.3 Environments for Oil Shale and Tar Sands Resources

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA contains no geologic environments that are favorable for the occurrence of oil shale or oil impregnated sand⁽¹¹⁾. The area is underlain predominantly by Tertiary volcanics of felsic to ferromagnesian composition. Potential sedimentary hosts are largely tuffaceous and contain only minor amounts of non-volcanic clastic material and carbonates. Favorable lithologies are not present.

2.3.4 Environments for Geothermal Resources

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA contains no geologic environments that are favorable for geothermal resources because requisite geologic criteria are not satisfied in the area⁽¹²⁾. The topographic criterion is not satisfied because the area is part of an upthrown block rather than in a basinal structure. There is little likelihood that this GRA could contain any geothermal resources.

2.3.5 Environments for Uranium and Thorium Resources

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA does not contain geologic environments that are favorable for the occurrence of uranium or thorium⁽¹³⁾. The GRA does not exhibit sufficient geologic phenomena to meet the lithology, alteration, or geochemical recognition criteria for environments that may be favorable for the occurrence of uranium or thorium. There are no uranium occurrences in or near the area. Although mineralization occurs near the area, there is no evidence that indicates the presence of associate uranium or thorium.

2.3.6 Environments for Coal Resources

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA has a low favorability for the occurrence of coal and lignite deposits⁽¹⁴⁾. The chances for coal or carbonaceous materials to have formed in the study area are remote, because the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA region does not contain geologic environments favorable for the formation of coal deposits. Much of the area is either mantled with accumulations of lavas and related volcanic products or has been modified by adjacent volcanic activity.

2.3.7 Environments for Industrial Minerals Resources

Tertiary sedimentary rocks in the area contain some lacustrine carbonates. The chances for the occurrence of environments favorable for commercial limestone are small but are not entirely ruled out. Paleozoic limestones might be present at depth within the GRA. Felsic volcanics present in the area may be favorable for the occurrence of bentonite. There is no direct evidence to support this, however. Turquoise is known to occur 35 miles southeast of the GRA; there is a remote possibility that turquoise may exist within this study area⁽¹⁵⁾.

2.3.8 Environments for Paleontological Resources

Paleontological assemblages occurring in or near the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA range from those representing Ordovician marine facies to those representing Tertiary non-marine facies⁽⁸⁾.



Paleozoic carbonate units adjacent to the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA are fossiliferous. They contain miogeoclinal marine fauna that consist of brachiopods, mollusks, bryozoa, fusulinids, and sparse trilobites. The Ordovician Vinini Formation is exposed in Paleozoic units northeast of the GRA. It contains radiolarian cherts interbedded with eugeoclinal, graptolite-bearing black shales. These Paleozoic assemblages are not exposed within the GRA but may occur at depth.

The majority of the Tertiary sedimentary units (geologic map unit Ts) are Late Miocene or younger and consist of lacustrine, fluvial, and volcanoclastic strata of the Humboldt Formation. Fossils found elsewhere in the Humboldt Formation include mammals, non-marine mollusks and leaf flora.

2.3.9 Environments for Geologic Hazards

Potential geologic hazards in the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA consist of faults and landslides⁽¹⁵⁾. These features were noted from aerial photographs, geologic maps, and topographic maps. There is no historical record of violent seismic or volcanic activity in the area. The potential for mass movement exists along all the over-steepened slopes within the GRA.

2.3.10 Educational and Scientific Localities

There are no known ESLs in the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA.

3. ENERGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES IN THE SOUTH FORK LITTLE HUMBOLDT GRA

Parts of WSA (010-132) within the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA have moderate favorability for the occurrence of gold and silver deposits. All other areas within the GRA have either low favorability ratings or are considered unfavorable.

3.1 KNOWN DEPOSITS

The GRA contains several known gold and silver deposits solely because the southern edge of the GRA was drawn along arbitrary Cadastral boundaries. The WSA (010-132) within the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA contains no known deposits, claims, mineral occurrences, Known or Potential Geothermal Resource Areas (KGRA or PGRA), or leases.

The Gold Circle District, known locally as the Midas District, is about four miles south of WSA 010-132. The district lies within the north-northwest trending Lynn-Railroad mineral belt, near the town of Midas, Nevada. Total past production in the Gold Circle District was about 110,000 ounces of gold, less than 10 million ounces of silver and less than two short tons of lead⁽⁵⁾. Production came from epigenetic deposits in fissure veins, lodes, and irregular replacement bodies in fractured rhyolite, at or near its contact with andesitic extrusive rocks. Ore minerals were pyrite, stromeyerite, native gold, and tetrahedrite⁽¹⁶⁾. The ore bodies occurred in silicified breccia zones and in near-vertical veins, the latter of which were relatively higher grade. Alteration associated with the mineralization includes hydrothermal bleaching, hematization, and silicification.

3.2 OCCURRENCES

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA contains three CRIB localities and 58 MILS localities (Figures 3-1 and 3-2), none of which are in the WSA. The CRIB localities include the Elko Prince Mine, the Deerhead No. 6, and one unnamed past producer.

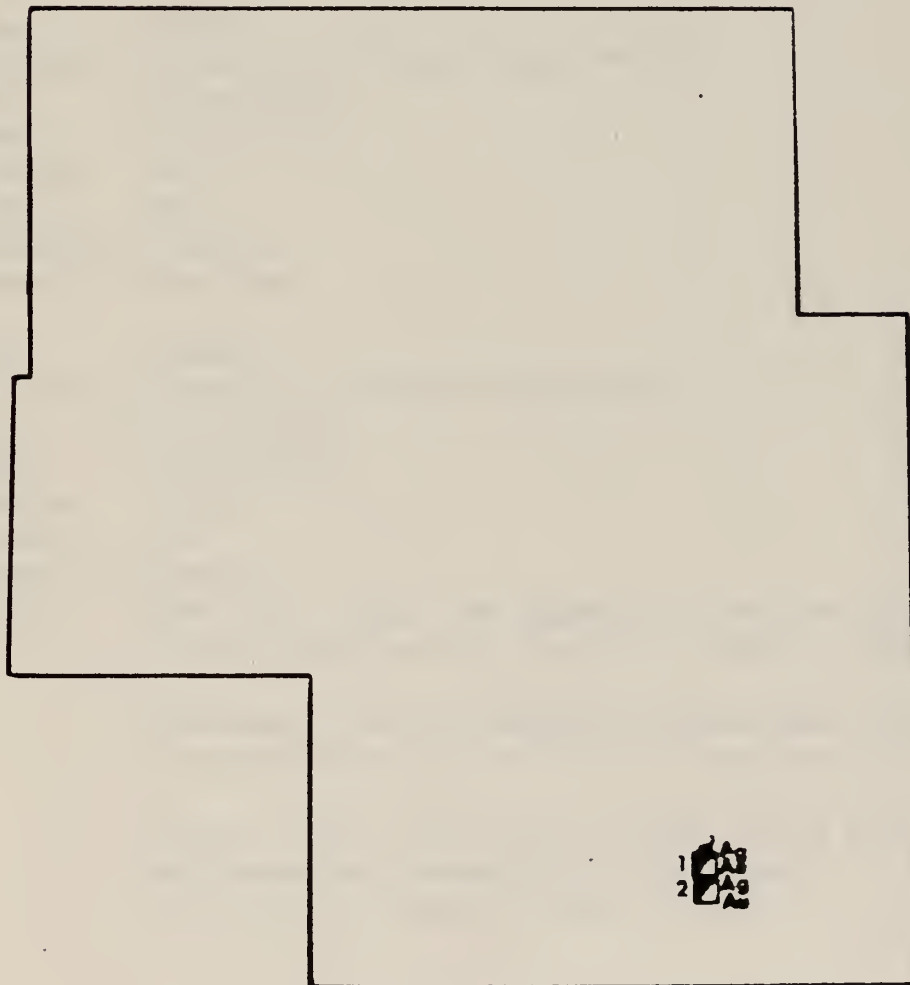


FIGURE 3-1

CRIB Localities Map
South Fork Little Humboldt GRA
(NV-010-01)
Elko County, Nevada



- = Producer
- = Past Producer
- = Occurrence or Prospect
- 2 = Key to Legend



Scale 1:250,000
(McDermitt 1°x2° NTMS Quadrangle)

This map is an overlay for figures 2-1 and 2-2.



FIGURE 3-1
(Explanation)

1. CRIB No.: M029081
 Location Name: Midas Area; Deerhead No. 6
 Latitude: 41°-15' N
 Longitude: 116°-48' W
 Commodities: Silicified Breccia Zone
 Production: None
 Production Size: Unknown
 References: Garside, L.J., 1973, Radioactive Mineral Occurrences in Nevada;
 NBMG Bull. 81

2. CRIB No.: W016321
 Location Name: Weeks, R. Gold Circle District (Midas)
 Latitude: 41°-14'-00" N
 Longitude: 116°-48'-00" W
 Commodities: Au, Ag
 Production: Yes
 Production Size: Unknown
 References: None given

3. CRIB No.: W002898
 Location Name: Smith, M. Gold Circle District (Midas)
 Latitude: 41°-14'-38" N
 Longitude: 116°-48'-00" N
 Commodities: Au, Ag
 Production: Yes
 Production Size: Unknown
 References: Rott, E.H., 1931, Ore Deposits of the Gold Circle Mining
 District, Elko, Co., Nev.; Nevada Univ. Bull. v.25, No.5, 30p.

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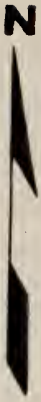


FIGURE 3-2

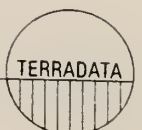
MILS Localities Map
South Fork Little Humboldt GRA
(NV-010-01)
Elko County, Nevada

74
X = Site Keyed to Explanation



Explanation for this map is in Appendix B: Explanation for Figure 3.2

This map is an overlay for figures 2-1 and 2-2.



MILS listings for this area are primarily of past producing mines. However, they do include a few mineral occurrences. Most of the mines produced both gold and silver from underground operations in the early twentieth century. A few of the mines produced only gold. The Last Chance Mine produced copper and lead as well as gold and silver. Some zinc was produced from the Nevada Gold Mine. Minor placer operations and one tungsten occurrence also are reported in the MILS data.

3.3 CLAIMS

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA contains 425 mining claims (see Figure 3-3). All but six of the claims are located in T39N-R46E near the town of Midas. This township also contains the majority of the MILS and CRIB localities in this GRA. The remainder of the claims are just southwest of the WSA. None of the claims are in WSA (010-132). Claims information is current as of 15 August, 1982.

3.4 LEASES

The eastern two-thirds of T40N-R46E and the eastern half of T38N-R46E are currently leased or are under application for oil and gas leases⁽⁷⁾. This leasing activity does not include any portion of WSA 010-132. Lease information is current as of 15 August, 1982.

3.5 DEPOSIT TYPES

The deposit types anticipated in WSA 010-132 are modeled after deposits known to occur in the Gold Circle (Midas) District.

Nevada is divided into two distinct metallogenic provinces based on the distribution of known metallic occurrences and related lithologic and stratigraphic considerations. The western half of Nevada is characterized by major gold, silver, tungsten, antimony, mercury, and iron deposits that occur in Paleozoic and Mesozoic silicious and volcanic rocks and Tertiary volcanic rocks. Eastern Nevada is characterized by major lead and zinc deposits with associated gold and silver in Precambrian rocks and Paleozoic carbonates. The study area lies in the western zone near the transition between the two metallogenic provinces⁽⁵⁾.

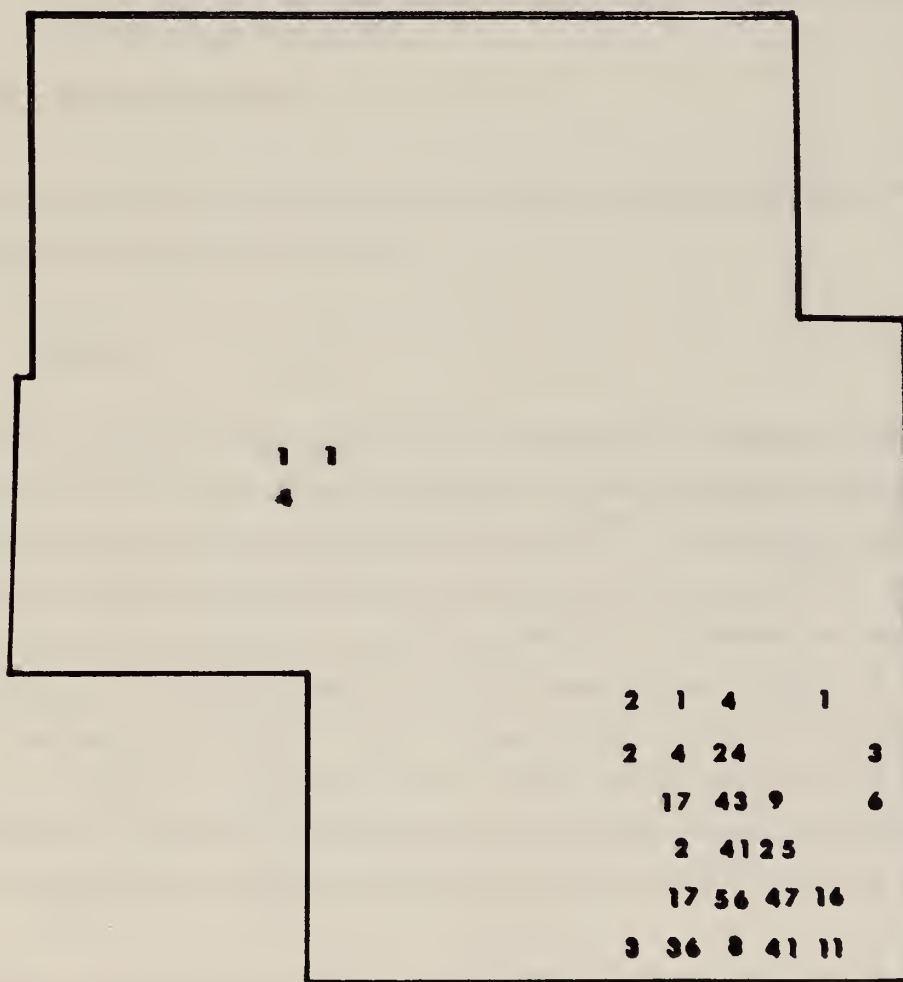




FIGURE 3-3

Claims Density Map
South Fork Little Humboldt GRA
(NV-010-01)
Elko County, Nevada

43 = Number of Claims Per Section



Scale 1:250,000
(McDermitt 1°x2° NTMS Quadrangle)

This map is an overlay for figures 2-1 and 2-2.

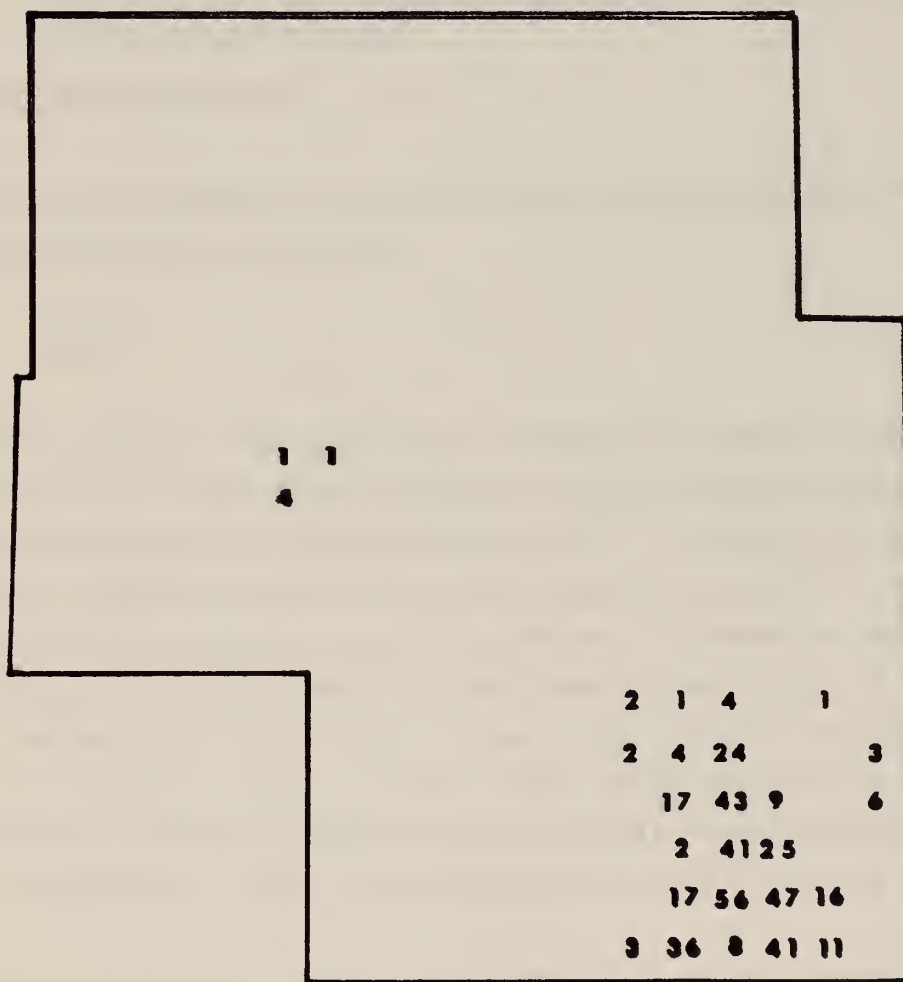




FIGURE 3-3

**Claims Density Map
South Fork Little Humboldt GRA
(NV-010-01)
Elko County, Nevada**

43 = Number of Claims Per Section



Scale 1:250,000
(McDermitt 1°x2° NTMS Quadrangle)

This map is an overlay for figures 2-1 and 2-2.



Fissure veins, fault breccia, and replacement bodies similar to the deposits at Midas could occur at depth along the contact between the rhyolites and ferromagnesian-rich volcanics.

Recognition criteria for such deposits include:

- o The existence of the contact between the rhyolites and andesites.
- o Structural site preparation and fluid conduits such as faults, fractures, and interformational and fault breccia zones.
- o Alteration: silicification, bleaching, and hematization.
- o The occurrence of associated copper, lead, or zinc mineralization; possible mineral zonation.

3.6 MINERAL ECONOMICS

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA has moderate to high favorability for potential gold and silver resources (see Section 2.3.1).

3.6.1 Gold

Jewelry and the arts are estimated to have consumed 54 percent of all the gold used in the United States in 1981. Other consumers include electronic industries, 37 percent; dental, eight percent; and investments, one percent⁽¹⁷⁾. In 1981, 25 mines in the western United States yielded 94 percent of the domestic gold production⁽¹⁸⁾. Nearly 40 percent of the domestic gold production was recovered as a by-product of base metal (chiefly copper) mining. The United States had a net import reliance equal to seven percent of apparent consumption in 1981. Import reliance has decreased steadily to the present level since a high of 61 percent in 1977. Gold prices that reached record levels in January, 1980, declined from \$597.00 per troy ounce at the beginning of 1981 to a low of \$391.00 in August, 1981. August, 1982 prices averaged \$367.00 per troy ounce.

United States consumption of gold increased slightly from 1980 to 1981. It is estimated that 1982 domestic mine production of gold will be 1.6 million troy ounces whereas United States consumption will be about five million troy ounces⁽¹⁸⁾. As of July, 1982, domestic mine production totaled about 730,000 troy ounces⁽¹⁹⁾. Recycled scrap produced 3.9 million troy ounces of gold in 1981. Similar production is anticipated in



1982. Total demand for gold in the United States is expected to increase at an annual rate of about 2.2 percent through 1990⁽¹⁸⁾.

3.6.2 Silver

The photographic industry is the largest consumer of silver in the United States, accounting for about 35 percent of the total United States consumption⁽²⁰⁾. Other major uses include electrical and electronic components, 29 percent; sterling-ware, ten percent; alloys and solders, eight percent; and miscellaneous uses, 18 percent. About 55 percent of the domestic production comes from by-product processes of copper, lead, and zinc mining. Estimated domestic mine production of silver in 1982 will be 42 million troy ounces, whereas United States apparent consumption will be 150 million troy ounces. United States consumption in 1981 was about four times domestic mine production, and 39 percent of world production⁽²¹⁾. About 37 percent of the total United States consumption of silver in 1981 was met by recycling scrap silver. This left a deficit net import reliance of 50 percent of the United States silver consumption in 1981. Estimated yearend stocks for 1981 totalled 163.8 million troy ounces. The demand for silver is expected to increase at a rate of about three percent through 1990⁽²²⁾. The average daily price of silver in 1981 was about \$11.00 per troy ounce, down about 50 percent from 1980. The price of silver futures at the end of July, 1982, was \$6.96 (December, 1982), and is expected to be \$7.50 (July, 1982), and \$8.12 (March, 1984)⁽²²⁾. Future United States requirements will be met by increased reliance on imports, secondary recovery, and withdrawal from existing stockpiles.

3.7 STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MINERALS AND METALS

Silver is the only strategic commodity for which the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA is considered favorable. (See Sections 2.3.1 and 3.6.2 of this report, and Table 3-4 of the TERRADATA report entitled "Procedures for the Assessment of Geology, Energy, and Minerals (GEM) Resources.")

4. CLASSIFICATION OF LAND FOR G - E- M RESOURCES POTENTIAL

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA, specifically WSA 010-132, contains two sub-areas (labeled 1-3C and 2-3C on Figure 4-1) that are classified 3-C for potential gold and silver resources. These two areas are moderately favorable (Class 3) for gold and silver resources because they contain environments similar to known producing localities in the nearby Midas District. Proximity to the Midas District also influences the assigned C confidence level. The area labeled 3-4D is the Midas Mining District. The remainder of the GRA is Classified 1B for metal deposits because the inferred favorable geologic environment does not exist in this portion of the WSA.

The entire GRA and therefore the WSA is classified least favorable for the occurrence of potential oil and gas resources. Although the area is within the limits of Miocene Humboldt Lakes deposits, and is partially leased, there are no indications of favorability⁽⁷⁾. The area was above sea-level from Late Paleozoic to Late Mesozoic time, hence the appropriate geologic environment did not form. The unfavorable classification of this area for oil and gas potential resources is in disagreement with the USGS classification of the same area for oil and gas. The USGS includes this GRA in a broad area of land considered "prospectively valuable for oil and gas"⁽²³⁾. The structural position of the South Fork Little Humboldt GRA on the axis of the Antler orogenic belt precludes the likelihood of the accumulation of hydrocarbons in this area⁽⁷⁾. The area is classified unfavorable by the USGS for other leasable commodities^(24, 25, 26, 27, 28).

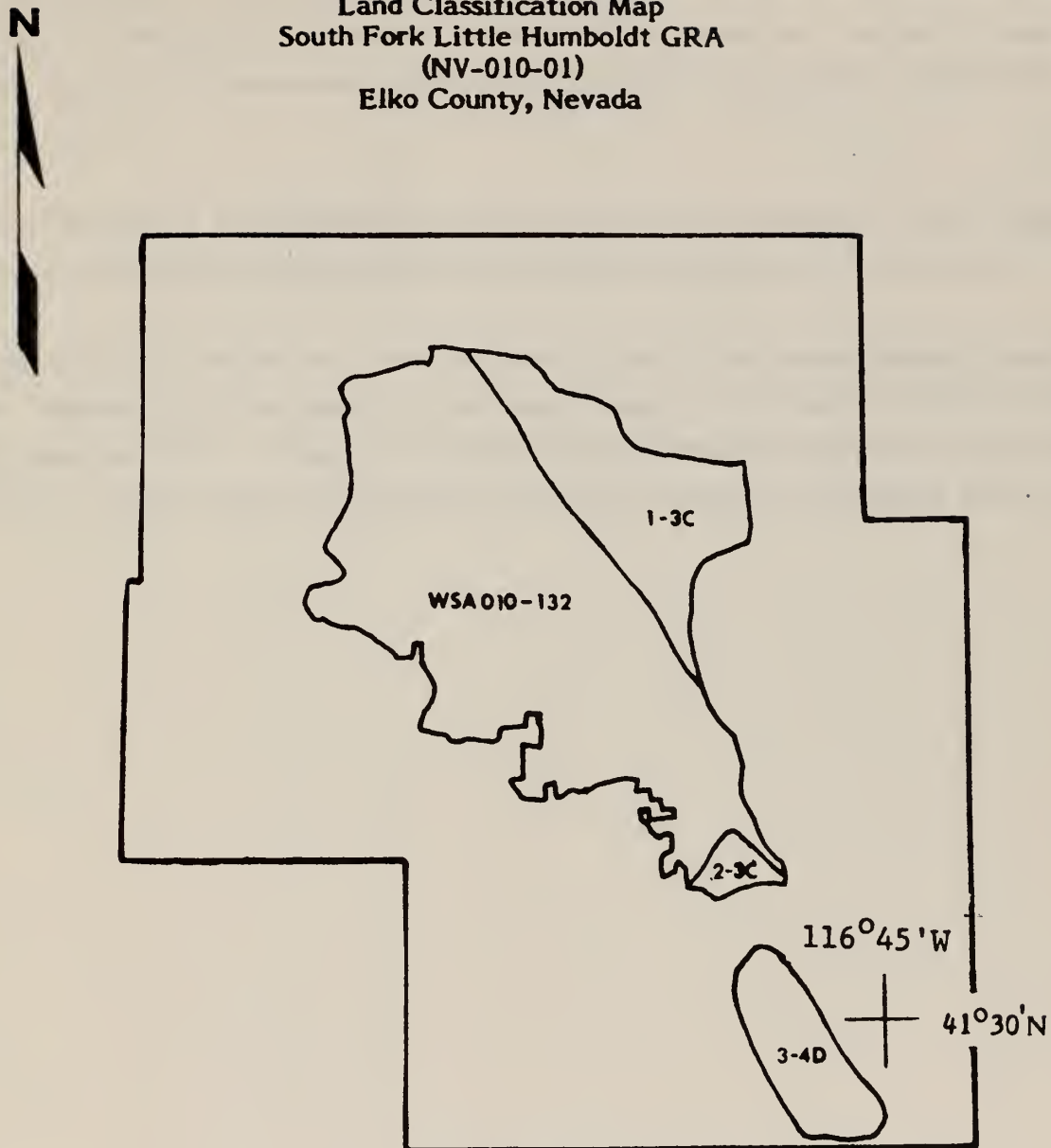
The entire South Fork Little Humboldt GRA is classified according to the BLM classification scheme presented in the TERRADATA report, "Procedures for the Assessment of Geology, Energy, and Minerals (GEM) Resources," as having a low favorability for coal resources (Class 2). This classification is given because the geology of the study area does not indicate environments favorable for the formation of coal deposits. Much of the area is either mantled with accumulations of lavas and related volcanic products or has been modified in one way or another by adjacent volcanic activity.

Although a few seams of low-grade lignite occur in Oregon, north of the study area, and a minor amount of coal was mined east of the area in Idaho, there are no geologic indications that suggest any coal could exist in this GRA. Because of this, a low (B) confidence level for the coal classification is assigned.



FIGURE 4-1

Land Classification Map
South Fork Little Humboldt GRA
(NV-010-01)
Elko County, Nevada



This map is an overlay for Figures 2-1 and 2-2. Subareas are discussed in the text.

Scale 1:250,000
(McDermitt 1°x2° NTMS Quadrangle)

The South Fork Little Humboldt GRA is least favorable to only slightly favorable for all other commodities. As shown in Table 4-1, limestone, bentonite, and turquoise have a low (Class 2) favorability. Limited amounts of limestone and bentonite could be expected to occur in interbedded Tertiary volcanoclastic sedimentary units within the GRA.

Phosphate is given a low favorability, even with the noted absence of the Phosphoria Formation. The chances for the occurrence of economic phosphate are very low.

The study area is classified as least favorable (Class 1) for paleontological resources because Paleozoic units favorable for fossil assemblages are not exposed within the GRA or the contained WSA. Although the fossil-bearing Humboldt Formation occurs within the GRA, no specific fossil occurrences are known; hence, the confidence level is low (A).



TABLE 4-1
 Classification Of Lands Within The
 South Fork Little Humboldt GRA
 (NV - 010 - 01)
 Elko County, Nevada
 For G - E - M Resource Potential

<u>COMMODITY</u>	<u>AREA</u>	<u>CLASSIFICATION LEVEL</u>	<u>CONFIDENCE LEVEL</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Metals	1-3C, 2-3C	3	C	Au, Ag Au, Ag
	3-4D	4	D	
	Rest of GRA	1	B	
Geothermal	Entire GRA	1	B	
Uranium/Thorium	Entire GRA	1	A	
Coal	Entire GRA	2	B	
Oil and Gas	Entire GRA	1	A	
Tar Sands/Oil Shale	Entire GRA	1	C	
Limestone	Entire GRA	2	C	
Bentonite	Entire GRA	2	A	
Diatomite	Entire GRA	1	B	
Clinoptilolite	Entire GRA	1	A	
Barite	Entire GRA	1	A	
Turquoise	Entire GRA	2	A	
Perlite	Entire GRA	1	B	
Phosphate	Entire GRA	2	A	
Paleontology	Entire GRA	1	A	
Hazards	See Hazards Map (GRA FILE)			
ESLs	None	1	C	

LEGEND:

Class 1 - Least Favorable
 Class 2 - Low Favorability
 Class 3 - Moderate Favorability
 Class 4 - High Favorability

Confidence Level A - Insufficient data or no direct evidence
 Confidence Level B - Indirect evidence available
 Confidence Level C - Direct evidence but quantitatively minimal
 Confidence Level D - Abundant direct and indirect evidence

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 San Francisco
 Denver



5. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUTURE WORK

The Gold Circle (Midas) Mining District was actively prospected and mined in the late Nineteenth and early Twentieth Centuries. It is doubtful that any of the land within a reasonable distance of the town of Midas, Nevada, escaped the close scrutiny of the early prospectors. Therefore, further reconnaissance-level surface investigations, especially for gold and silver, are probably unwarranted. Surface investigations for commodities other than precious metals could be beneficial, as the exploration focus would be entirely new. Detailed geophysical and geochemical surveys would be the most cost-effective means of upgrading the available database in this area, particularly for precious metals not easily found by reconnaissance methods. There are two problems to be overcome in this regard. First, the density of the existing geochemical and geophysical data is less than desirable, and second, the data may be biased towards pre-existing trends, districts, known occurrences and models. For example, detailed sampling of stream-sediments in drainages that cross the rhyolite-andesite contact or samples of groundwater from springs emanating from the contact between the targeted rhyolites and andesites would be useful for testing the Midas model. Geochemical sampling has the added potential of picking up mineral zonation that is common in deposits east of this area. The anticipated size of potential deposits (Midas-type) dictates close-spacing in any sampling program.



- APPENDIX A -

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27. Godwin, L.H., and Docketr, R.; 1981; Lands valuable for coal map of the State of Nevada; 1981; United States Geological Survey, Minerals Management Service, Menlo Park, California, Revised, Scale 1:500,000
28. Lee, R.E.; 1980; Lands valuable for oil shale map for the State of Nevada; United States Geological Survey, Minerals Management Service, Menlo Park, California, Revised, Scale 1:500,000.



- APPENDIX B -

Explanation for Figure 3-2

FIGURE 3-2 (Explanation)

108
60 NAME- BLACK CLOUD REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070516
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1777M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 22 PRECISION- 500M
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 39 REFERENCE POINT- APPRDX
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4563218 EASTING 518649
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 29 SECTION SUBDIVISION- SE
RIVER BASIN- 660 ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- PRIVATE
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNDERGROUND
VEGA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
VAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- BLACK CLOUD
COMMOD-MOD- GOLD SILVER
WFOC MINE PRODUCTION FILES, SPOKANE, WA.

109
60 NAME- ESMERALDA MINE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070201
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1728M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 07 PRECISION- 100M
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 22 REFERENCE POINT- MAIN ENT
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4562817 EASTING 519047
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 31 SECTION SUBDIVISION- SE1/4NW
RIVER BASIN- 660 ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- PRIVATE
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNDERGROUND
VEGA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
VAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- ESMERALDA MINE
OTHER NAMES- ESPERANZA
COMMOD-MOD- GOLD
BUR OF MINES BULL. 54, 1957, P.71.
MIDAS. NEV 7.5 MIN USGS TOPO, 1965.

110
60 NAME- ESMERALDA GROUP REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070515
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1743M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 16 PRECISION- 100M
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 22 REFERENCE POINT- MAIN ENT
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4563115 EASTING 519046
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION- SE1/4SW2
RIVER BASIN- 660 ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- PRIVATE
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNDERGROUND
VEGA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
VAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- ESMERALDA GROUP
OTHER NAMES- BUENA GROUP
COMMOD-MOD- GOLD
ALSO IN SEC 31.
VIDAS NEV 7.5 MIN USGS TOPO MAP, 1965.
NEV SUR MIN BULL 54, 1957, P.71

111
60 NAME- GOLDEN CHARIOT CLAIM REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070200
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1689M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 23 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 13 REFERENCE POINT- TRENCH
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4563331 EASTING 519255
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 660 ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- UNKNOWN
STATUS- UNKNOWN OPERATION TYPE- SURFACE
VEGA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
VAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GOLDEN CHARIOT CLAIM
OTHER NAMES- GIBSON LODI
COMMOD-MOD- GOLD MANGANESE
ADT 1 MI SE OF ST PAUL MINE.
NEV. BUREAU OF MINES BULL. 54, 1957, P.71.



FIGURE 3-2 **(Explanation Continued)**

114
62 NAME- BIG CHIEF REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070637
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- BIG CHIEF
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 73.

115
62 NAME- BLUE HEAVEN REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070638
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- BLUE HEAVEN
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 73.

116
62 NAME- BOBCAT REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070639
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- BOBCAT
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 73.

117
62 NAME- CAPITOL REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070640
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- CAPITOL
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 73.



FIGURE 3-2 **(Explanation Continued)**

118
62 NAME- CIRCLE BIRD
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070641
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- CIRCLE BIRD
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 73.

119
62 NAME- COLORADO GRANDE
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070642
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- COLORADO GRANDE
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 73.

120
62 NAME- DIXIE GOLD
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070643
LATITUDE- N 41 14 19 PRECISION- 1KM ELEV:PREC- 1751M:100M
LONGITUDE- W 116 47 32 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4565054 EASTING 517411
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 21 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 5RD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- DIXIE GOLD
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
COPPER LEAD
ZINC
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 73.

121
62 NAME- GABBEART
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070644
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GABBEART
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 73.



FIGURE 3-2 **(Explanation Continued)**

122
62 NAME- GOLD AND SILVER CIRCLE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070645
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GOLD AND SILVER CIRCLE
COMMOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA,
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 73.

123
62 NAME- GOLD CIRCLE-CROWN REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070646
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GOLD CIRCLE-CROWN
COMMOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA,
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 73.

124
62 NAME- GOLD CIRCLE GROUP REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070647
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GOLD CIRCLE GROUP
COMMOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA,
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 73.

125
62 NAME- OLD CIRCLE QUEEN REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070648
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GOLD CIRCLE QUEEN
COMMOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA,
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.



FIGURE 3-2 **(Explanation Continued)**

126
62 NAME- GOLD CLOUD REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070649
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GSD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
VESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GOLD CLOUD
COMMON MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.

127
62 NAME- GOLD CLOUD PLACER REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070650
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GSD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
VESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GOLD CLOUD PLACER
COMMON MOD- GOLD
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.

128
62 NAME- GOLDEN CHARIOT PLACER REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070651
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GSD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
VESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GOLDEN CHARIOT PLACER
COMMON MOD- GOLD
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.

129
62 NAME- GOLDEN CIRCLE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070652
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GSD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- SURFACE
VESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GOLDEN CIRCLE
COMMON MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.

FIGURE 3-2 **(Explanation Continued)**

130
62 NAME- GRAND AND GOLDEN SAPHIRE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070653
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
VAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GRAND AND GOLDEN SAPHIRE
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.

131
62 NAME- GRANT MILLSITE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070654
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
VAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GRANT MILLSITE
OTHER NAMES- CLEANUP
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.

132
62 NAME- HARDCRABBLE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070655
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1753M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 43 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 47 12 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4563915 EASTING 517880
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 28 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
VAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- HARDCRABBLE
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.

133
62 NAME- HOMESTAKE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070656
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
VAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- HOMESTAKE
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.

FIGURE 3-2 **(Explanation Continued)**

134
62 NAME- JACKSON MINE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070196
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1750M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 14 12 PRECISION- 100M
LONGITUDE- W 116 47 16 REFERENCE POINT- MAIN ENT
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564838 EASTING 517785
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 21 SECTION SUBDIVISION- SESESW
RIVER BASIN- 680 ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- PRIVATE
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNDERGROUND
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- JACKSON MINE
OTHER NAMES- GRANT-JACKSON
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
NEW BUR MIN BULL 12, 1931, PP.16-18, PL.1
NEW BUR MIN BULL 54, 1957, P.70.

135
62 NAME- JUDGE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070657
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 680 DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- JUDGE
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA,
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1276, P. 74.

136
62 NAME- KANSAS REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070658
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 680 DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- KANSAS
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA,
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.

137
62 NAME- LAST CHANCE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070659
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 680 DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- LAST CHANCE
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
COPPER LEAD
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA,
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.

FIGURE 3-2 **(Explanation Continued)**

138
62 NAME- LUCKY BOY REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070661
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION-
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT-
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- LUCKY BOY
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.

139
62 NAME- MARION REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070662
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- MARION
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 74.

140
62 NAME- MIDAS MINE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070203
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1817M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 14 27 PRECISION- 100M
LONGITUDE- W 116 47 22 REFERENCE POINT- MAIN EN
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4565311 EASTING 517644
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 21 SECTION SUBDIVISION- C NESEW
RIVER BASIN- GRD ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- PRIVATE
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNDERGROUND
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- MIDAS MINE
OTHER NAMES- RECO NO. 2 CLAIM
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD
NEV. BUR OF MINES, BULL. 81, 1973, P. 45.
NEV. BUR OF MINES, BULL. 54, 1957, P. 71.
NEV. BUR OF MINES, BULL. 12, 1931, PP. 16 - 18, PL. 1
PART OF GOLD CIRCLE GROUP

141
62 NAME- MISCELLANEOUS REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070672
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- MISCELLANEOUS
OTHER NAMES- CLEANUP
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 76.

FIGURE 3-2 (Explanation Continued)

142
62 NAME- MOLLY LEE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070664
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- MOLLY LEE
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 75.

143
62 NAME- NEVADA GOLD REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070665
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- NEVADA GOLD
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
LEAD ZINC
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 75.

144
62 NAME- QUEEN REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070667
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- QUEEN
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 75.

145
62 NAME- QUEEN PLACER REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070668
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- QUEEN PLACER
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 75.



FIGURE 3-2 **(Explanation Continued)**

146
62 NAME- RAND AND MASSEY REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070669
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD OOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- RAND AND MASSEY
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 75.

147
62 NAME- RECO REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070670
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD OOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- RECO
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 75.

148
62 NAME- REGALIA REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070671
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD OOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- REGALIA
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 75.

149
62 NAME- SAN JUAN REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070675
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD OOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- SAN JUAN
COMMOD/MOD- GOLD SILVER
LFAO COPPER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 75.

FIGURE 3-2 **(Explanation Continued)**

150
62 NAME- SLEEPING BEAUTY REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070676
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1753M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 43 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 47 12 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4563915 EASTING 517880
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 29 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- SLEEPING BEAUTY
COMMON MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 75.

151
62 NAME- ST PAUL - BANNER LOGE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070199
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1768M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 14 17 PRECISION- 500M
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 56 REFERENCE POINT- APPROX
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564913 EASTING 518250
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 21 SECTION SUBDIVISION- SE
RIVER BASIN- 6RD ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- PRIVATE
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- MINERAL LOC
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- ST PAUL - BANNER LOGE
OTHER NAMES- BANNER
COMMON MOD- GOLD SILVER
NEV. BUR. OF MINES BULL. 54, 1957, P. 71.
NEV. BUR. OF MINES BULL. 12, 1931, PL. 1

152
62 NAME- VIDDETTE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070678
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- VIDDETTE
COMMON MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 75.

153
62 NAME- WESTON REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070679
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- 6RD DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
YESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- WESTON
OTHER NAMES- DICK WESTON
COMMON MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 76.

FIGURE 3-2 **(Explanation Continued)**

154
62 NAME- WICKS AND GEBHARDT REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070600
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1707M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 13 48 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 18 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4564102 EASTING 519136
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 27 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- COO DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- WICKS AND GEBHARDT
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, ROSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 76.

164
69 NAME- BEX MINE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070197
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1829M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 14 49 PRECISION- 100M
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 59 REFERENCE POINT- TRENCH
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4565080 EASTING 518178
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 21 SECTION SUBDIVISION- SENEWE
RIVER BASIN- BRD ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- PRIVATE
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- SURFACE
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- BEX MINE
COMMOD MOD- GOLD
NEV. BUR. OF MINES BULL. 54, 1957, P.70
NEV. BUR. OF MINES BULL. 12, 1931, P.19, PL.1
USGS BULL. 408, 1910, P. 54

165
69 NAME- ELKO PRINCE MINE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070194
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1829M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 15 20 PRECISION- 5KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 46 50 REFERENCE POINT- APPROX
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4566947 EASTING 518395
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 16 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- BRD ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- UNKNOWN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNDERGROUND
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MCDERMITT TYPE- 1:250K
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- ELKO PRINCE MINE
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
NEV. BUR. OF MINES BULL. 54, 1957, P.69-70.
NEV. BUR. OF MINES BULL. 12, 1931, P.18, PL.1.
USGS BULL. 408, 1915, P.57.

166
69 NAME- GOLD CROWN LODGE REFERENCE NUMBER- 032007019B
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1817M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 14 43 PRECISION- 500M
LONGITUDE- W 116 47 12 REFERENCE POINT- APPROX
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4565704 EASTING 517876
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 21 SECTION SUBDIVISION- N2
RIVER BASIN- BRD ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- PRIVATE
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- SURF-UNDERG
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GOLD CROWN LODGE
COMMOD MOD- GOLD
NEV. BUR. OF MINES BULL. 54, 1957, P.70-71.
NEV. BUR. OF MINES BULL. 12, 1931, P.19, PL.1.
USGS BULL. 408, 1910, P.54.



FIGURE 3-2 **(Explanation Continued)**

167
59 NAME- JUNE BELL MINE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070195
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 213M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 15 35 PRECISION- 500M
LONGITUDE- W 116 47 35 REFERENCE POINT- APPROX
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4567337 EASTING 517336
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 15 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNDERGROUND
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MCDERMITT TYPE- 1:250K
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- JUNE BELL MINE
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
NEV BUR OF MIN BULL 54, 1957, P.70.
NEV BUR MIN BULL 12, 1931, P.12, PL.1.

168
65 NAME- LINK MINE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070514
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1780M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 14 30 PRECISION- 100M
LONGITUDE- W 116 47 02 REFERENCE POINT- MAIN ENI
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4565344 EASTING 518109
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 21 SECTION SUBDIVISION- E2NWSE
RIVER BASIN- GRD ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- PRIVATE
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNDERGROUND
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- LINK MINE
OTHER NAMES- MISSING LINK
COMMOD MOD- SILVER OXIDE GOLD
NEV BUR MIN BULL 12, 1931, P.18, PL.1.
MIDAS, NEV. 7.5 MIN USGS TOPO.1965

169
69 NAME- LITTLE JEWEL MINE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070223
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1951M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 15 13 PRECISION- 100M
LONGITUDE- W 116 47 43 REFERENCE POINT- MAIN ENI
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4566718 EASTING 517152
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 17 SECTION SUBDIVISION- SESE
RIVER BASIN- GRD ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- UNKNOWN
STATUS- UNKNOWN OPERATION TYPE- UNDERGROUND
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- OREGON CANYON TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- LITTLE JEWEL MINE
COMMOD MOD-
USGS OREGON CANYON 7.5 MINUTE TOPOGRAPHIC MAP, 1977.

170
69 NAME- RIPSAN REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070673
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1780M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 14 41 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 47 29 REFERENCE POINT- ORE BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4565712 EASTING 517479
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 21 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- BLM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDERMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- RIPSAN
COMMOD MOD- GOLD SILVER
COPPER
SMITH, ROSCOE W. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY. OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56. 1976, P. 75.



FIGURE 3-2 **(Explanation Concluded)**

171
69 NAME- ST. PAUL REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070674
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 1780M:100M
LATITUDE- N 41 14 41 PRECISION- 1KM
LONGITUDE- W 116 47 29 REFERENCE POINT- CRF BODY
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4565742 EASTING 517479
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 21 SECTION SUBDIVISION-
RIVER BASIN- GRD DOMAIN- RIM ADMIN
STATUS- PAST PRODUCER OPERATION TYPE- UNKNOWN
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MIDAS TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- ST. PAUL
COMMON MOD- GOLD SILVER
SMITH, POSCOE M. MINERAL RESOURCES OF ELKO COUNTY, NEVADA.
U.S. GEOL. SURVEY, OPEN-FILE REPORT 1976-56, 1976, P. 75.

174
72 NAME- OLD CIRCLE CLAIM REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070204
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 2012M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 16 05 PRECISION- 500M
LONGITUDE- W 116 48 22 REFERENCE POINT- APPROX
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4568319 EASTING 516240
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 046 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 01 SECTION SUBDIVISION- SE SW
RIVER BASIN- GRD ROCK CREEK DOMAIN- UNKNOWN
STATUS- UNKNOWN OPERATION TYPE- MINERAL LOC
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- OREGON CANYON TYPE- 7.5 MIN
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- GOLD CIRCLE CLAIM
COMMON MOD- GOLD
GRANGER, BELL, SIMMONS AND LEE (1957) P 71
ACT 1200 FT NW OF MIDAS CLAIM
USGS BULL. 409, 1910, P.57.

176
74 NAME- PARADISE REFERENCE NUMBER- 0320070319
STATE- NEVADA COUNTY- ELKO ELEV:PREC- 2012M:500M
LATITUDE- N 41 16 35 PRECISION- 500M
LONGITUDE- W 116 51 30 REFERENCE POINT- APPROX
UTM: ZONE 11N NORTHING 4569219 EASTING 511865
PUBLIC LAND SURVEY TOWNSHIP- 039 N RANGE- 045 E
DESCRIPTION SECTION- 11 SECTION SUBDIVISION- E2N2
RIVER BASIN- GRD LITTLE HUMBULT RIVER DOMAIN- UNKNOWN
STATUS- UNKNOWN OPERATION TYPE- MINERAL LOC
MESA ID NO. YEAR FIELD CHECKED- MAP REPOSITORY- FOC
MAP NAME- MCDEMITT TYPE- 1:250K
1:250,000 MAP NAME- MCDEMITT MINERAL PROPERTY FILE-
PRIMARY NAME- PARADISE
COMMON MOD- TUNGSTEN W03 CONTENT
SCHILLING (1963)
SCHILLING (1964) NEV BUR MINES BULL 65
WILCOX (1961) PT 1
ROBERTS (1949) USGS BULL 922-E P 115-133
LINDGREN (1915) USGS BULL 601, PL 1



